



# Development Techniques for Native/Hybrid Tizen Apps

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**TIZEN™**  
**DEVELOPER**  
**CONFERENCE**  
2013  
SAN FRANCISCO

# Agenda

- **Introduction and Definitions**
- **Practices**
- **Case Studies**



# Introduction & Definitions

# 2 App Types

## Browser Apps

## Installable Apps

- Native
- WebApps
- Hybrid

# Browser Apps

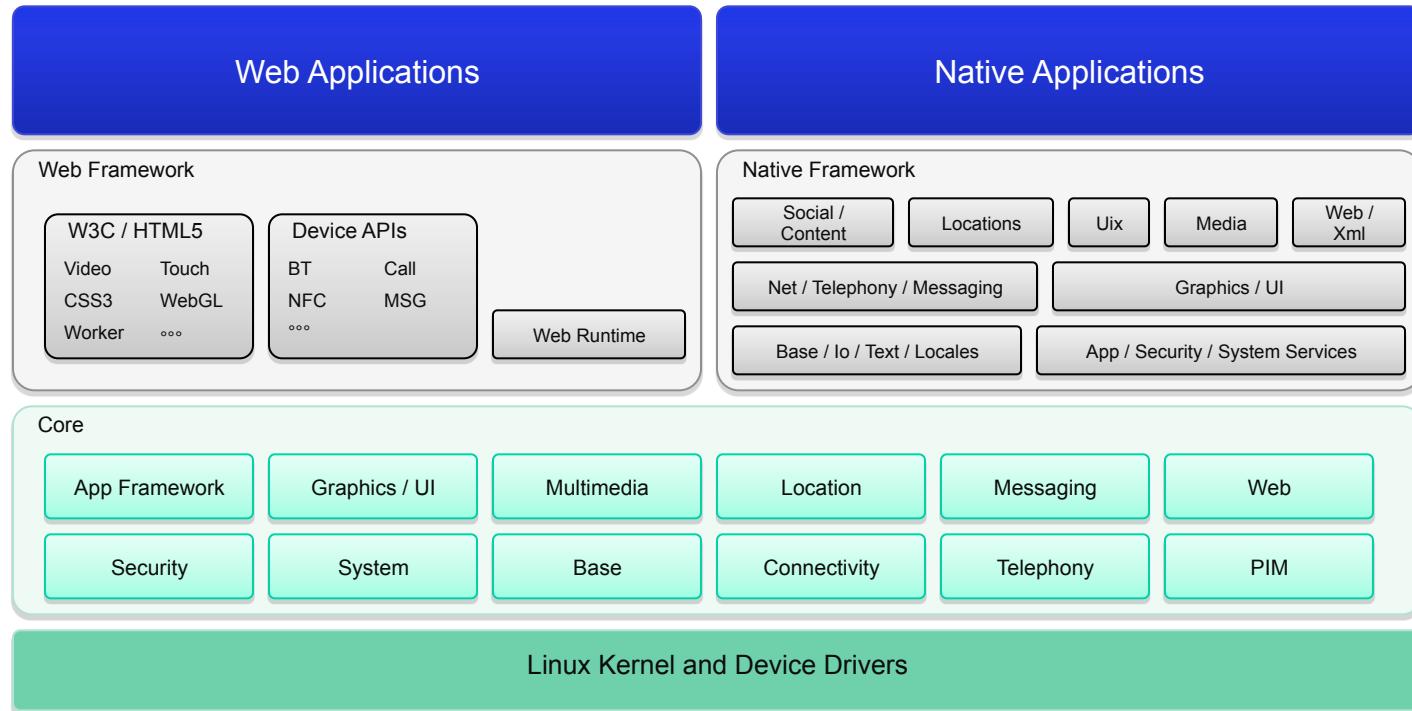
**One platform for many devices**

- **HTML5 is everywhere**
- **HTML5 is mobile**
- **HTML5 is skillful**
- **HTML5 is open**

**HTML**



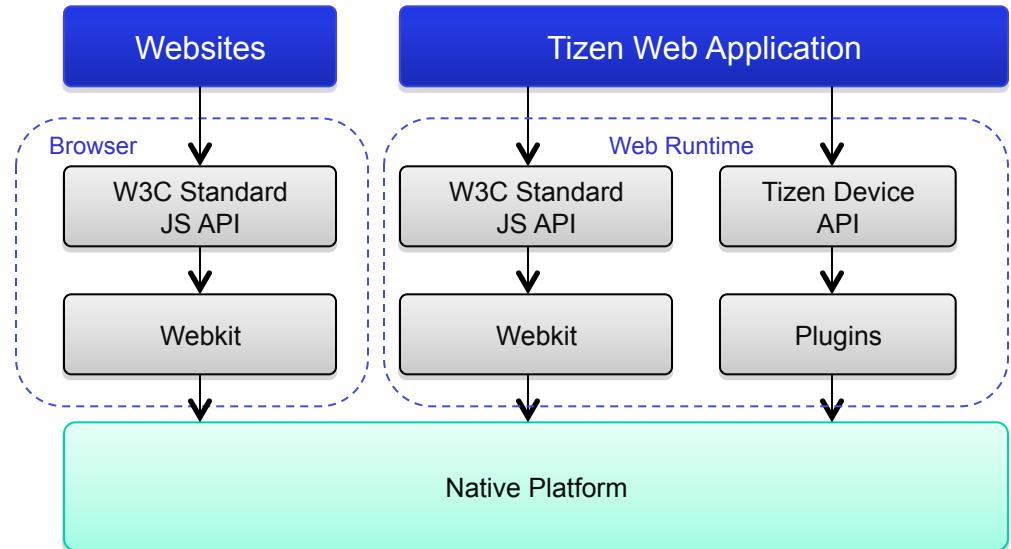
# Tizen Application Level



# Web Apps

## Advantages of Browser Apps with HTML5

- Full offline support
- Device APIs
- Native UI



# Native Apps

- Broader access to device hardware
- Better integration with system features
- Faster, smoother and better UI

# Hybrid Apps

- Web UI and Native Services
- Rapid development of UI
- Data processing in background
- Share native services between applications
- Native open-source libraries

# Always a Challenging Decision

	Native	Web	Hybrid
Rapid UI development	-	+	+
Open standards based	-	+	+
Performance in heavy calculation	+	-	+
Works offline	+	+	+
Background support	+	-	+
Deep HW/platform integration	+	-	+
Low complexity	-	+	-

# Practices



# Steps to a Hybrid App

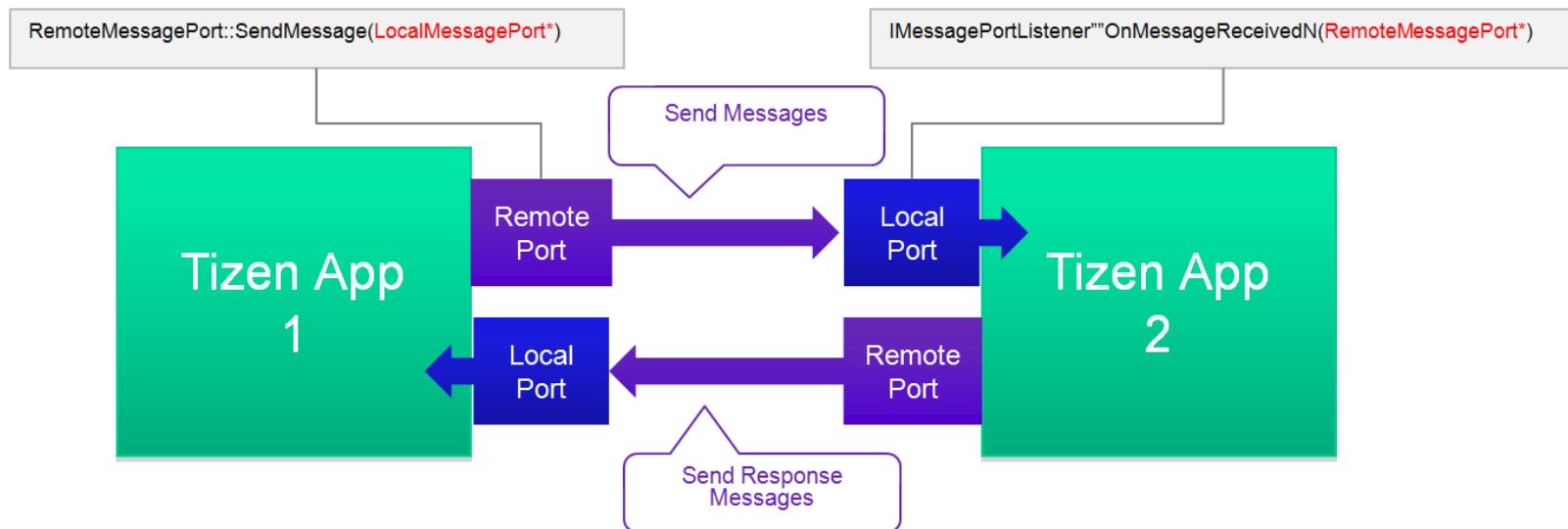
- Create a web application project
- Create a native service project
- Define the reference in the project's properties
- Define a “bridge” between the web and service applications
- Build the application
- Install the application

# Bridging Native and JS

- **Messaging layer between web and native**
- **Message Port**
- **Websocket**
- **JavaScriptBridge plugin**

# App Communication through Message Ports

- Implements a communication between two applications
- Platform built-in



# Message Porting: Web Step 1

- Define message handler and create a local message port

```
function onReceive(data, remoteMsgPort) {
    console.log('Received data to \'' + remoteMsgPort.name + '\'');
    // Search value with the "response" key
    for(var i in data) {
        if(data[i].key == "response") {
            response = data[i].value;
            break;
        }
    }
}

try {
    localMessagePort = tizen.messageport.requestLocalMessagePort(localMessagePortName);
    localMessagePortWatchId = localMessagePort.addMessagePortListener(function(data, remote) {

        onReceive(data, remote); } );
} catch (e) {
    console.log("Request local message port Error");
}
```

# Message Porting: Web Step 2

- Launch service application

```
function onSuccess() {
    console.log("Service App launched successfully!");
}

function onError(err) {
    console.log("Service App launch failed ="+ err);
}

try {
    tizen.application.launch(appId, onSuccess, onError);
} catch (e) {
    // handle error
}
```

# Message Porting: Web Step 3

- Open remote port

```
try {
    remoteMessagePort = tizen.messageport.requestRemoteMessagePort(appId, servicePortName);
} catch (e) {
    console.log("Request remote message port Error ");
}
```

# Message Porting: Native Step 1

```

void ServiceChannel::OnMessageReceivedN(RemoteMessagePort* pRemoteMessagePort, IMap* pMessage)
{
    String *pData = static_cast<String *>(pMessage->GetValue(String(L"command")));
    if (pData != null) {
        IJsonValue* pJson = getJsonObj(pData);
        if(null != pJson) {
            // Extract command from pJson in to the pCommand pointer
            ...
            if(null != pCommand) {
                if (pCommand->Equals(DO_COMMAND_1, true)) {
                    // extract additional parameters from pJson and perform requested operation – it is would be better to schedule this operation and
                    // execute it asynchronously (for example, send event to application, set timer, run thread etc,...)
                }
            }
            // Relase pJsonObject
            ...
        }
        // Prepare answer in str variable
        ...

        //Send response in case of bi-direction communication
        HashMap *pMap = new HashMap(SingleObjectDeleter);
        pMap->Construct();
        pMap->Add(new String(L"response"), new String(str));
        pRemoteMessagePort->SendMessage(mLocalMessagePort, pMap);
        // deallocate resources
        ...
    }
}

```

# Message Porting: Native Step 2

- Create local port

```
mLocalMessagePort = MessagePortManager::RequestLocalMessagePort(mLocalPortName);  
mLocalMessagePort->AddMessagePortListener( messagePortListenerImplementation );
```

# Message Porting: Native Step 3

- Create remote port

```
mRemoteMessagePort = MessagePortManager::RequestRemoteMessagePort(mRemoteAppID, mRemotePortName);
```

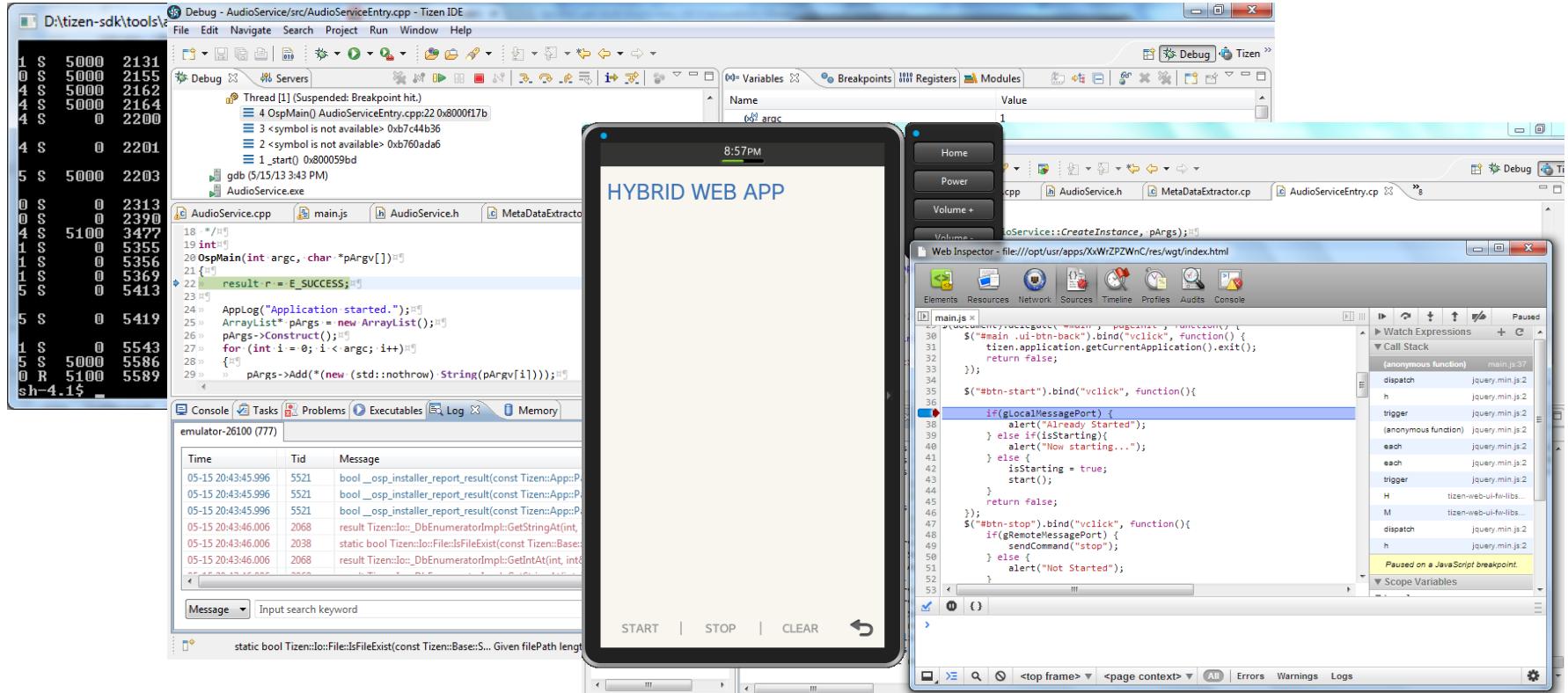
# Websocket Approach

- Works in other platforms
- Works asynchronously
- Doesn't have a payload limit
- Handshake implementation RFC 6455

# Javascriptbridge Plugin

- Include the JavaScriptBridge plugin in a Web page
- Implement a JS method to be called from native
- Implement `Tizen::Web::Controls::IJavaScriptBridge` on native side

# Debugging





Debug Tizen &gt;&gt;

## Project Explorer

- HybridService [with HybridWeb]
- HybridWeb

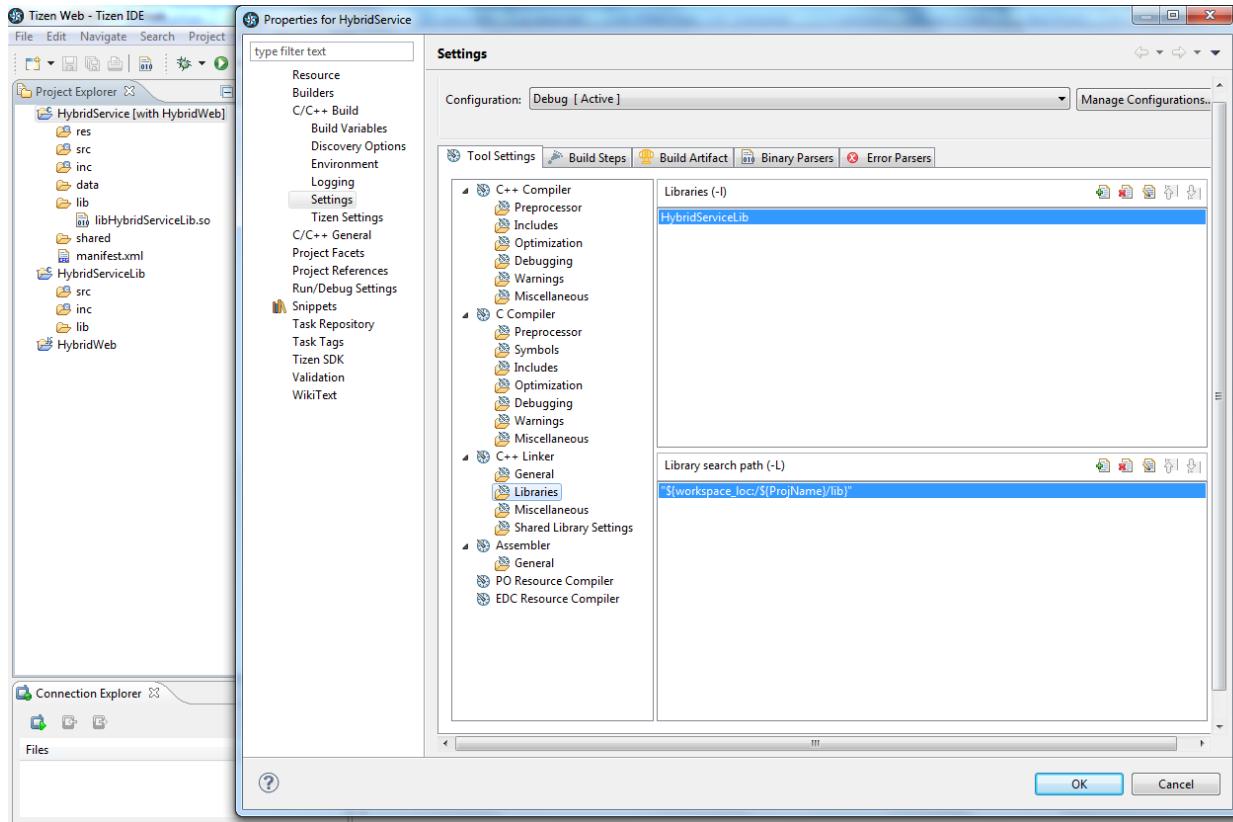
## Connection Explor

- emulator-26100 (333)

## HybridService



# 3<sup>rd</sup> Party lib Static Linking



# 3<sup>rd</sup> Party lib Dynamic Linking

```
//get a lib Path
wchar_t const * const LIB_NAME = L"lib/libHybridServiceLib.so";
Tizen::App::App *pxApp = Tizen::App::App::GetInstance();
String libPath = pxApp->GetAppRootPath();
libPath.Append(LIB_NAME);

//get initialized instance of Library
Tizen::Base::Runtime::Library library;
result r = library.Construct(libPath);

//get a function pointer
void *pMethod = library.GetProcAddress(L"CalculateMd5");
pCalculateHash = reinterpret_cast<char* (*)(byte const *, int)>(pMethod);

//use the function
pCalculateHash(pByteArray, byteArrayLength);
```

# JSON

- **JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) is a text-based open standard designed for human-readable data interchange**
- **Parsers are available for JavaScript (native JS, jQuery and other frameworks) and a native API**
- **Human-readable format that is easy for debug**
- **Web services provide data in JSON format**
- **Key-value data format is enough to present any data that is required in JavaScript**

# JSON Usage

- **Web**

```
// parse
var jsonData = JSON.parse(strJSON);

// compose
var strJSON = JSON.stringify(jsonData)
```

- **Native**

- **Tizen::Web::Json::JsonParser** for parsing
- **Tizen::Web::Json::JsonWriter** for composing

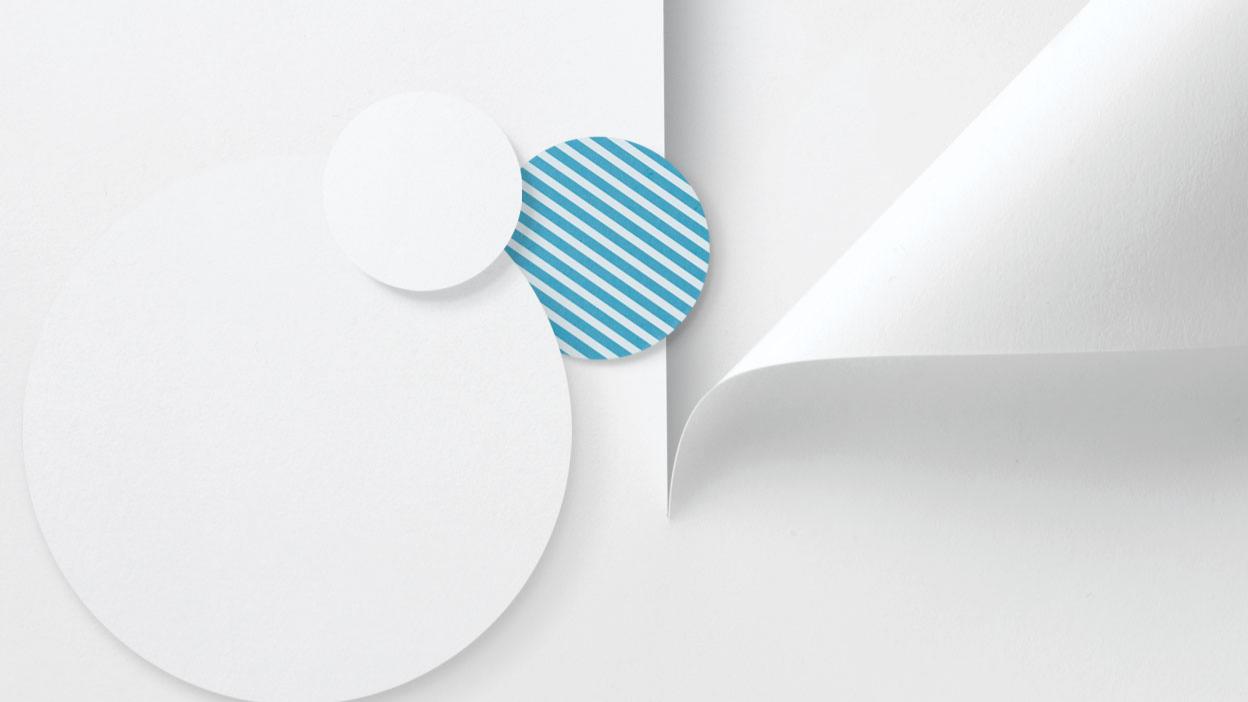
# 3<sup>rd</sup> Party frameworks

- **Cordova**
- **Appcelerator Titanium**
- **Cocos2d-html5**

# Tips & Tricks

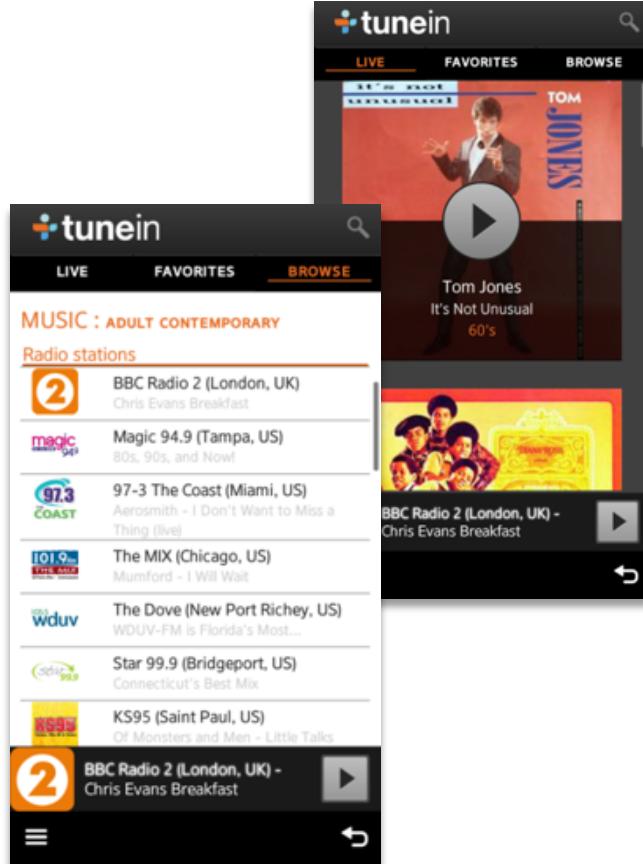
- Use Message Ports as a bridge
- Implement re-try logic to open Message Ports
- Use JSON to transfer data
- Widely use Resource Acquisition Is Initialization (RAII) idiom
- Share assets and layouts between multiple apps in your package
- Specify all privileges needed for the app in the manifest of the main project

# Case Studies



# Tuneln

- Tuneln offers the user the ability to listen to streaming audio from thousands of radio stations
- It is a Hybrid App to support more audio formats and resolve stream handling
- Web App
  - UI part
  - Tuneln server communication
- Native Service
  - audio playing
  - playlist downloading

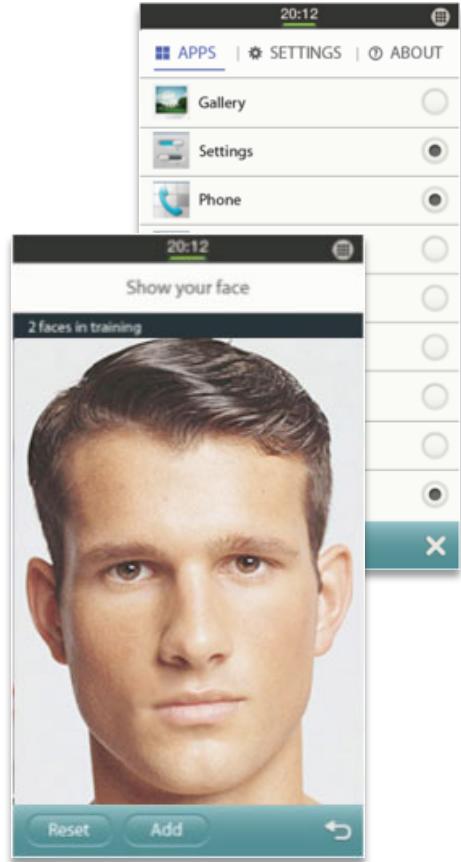


# Tuneln for Tizen



# Peeking Protector: native experience

- A face recognition application that restricts access to a whole device or selected applications unless the owner's face is recognized.
- The application is fully native because the app should:
  - intercept launching other protecting apps
  - have the top-most visibility
  - hook hard keys like Home and Power
  - utilize native built-in face recognition API
  - use multi-threading to be responsive while the face recognition piece is in progress



# Peeking Protector for Tizen





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